Year 1	Autumn 1	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer1	Summer 2
	Self Portraits painting Who am I?	Pottery (Diva Lamps)	DT Victorian Toys (textiles and mechanisms)	Collage	Collage continued  Matisse study	Seaside Printing	Boats
Key Questions	What makes me unique? What things are important to me? What do you notice about Kahlo's self – portraits? What symbols did she include and why?	Why are Diva lamps important at Diwali time? Can you describe their shape? How can you make your clay smoother?	What toys do you look to play with and why? How have toys changed over time? What are the similarities and differences between dolls now and dolls in the past?	How do these colours make you feel? Can you sort them into cool and warm? What 2d shapes can you see?	How do you think this picture was created? What art did Matisse like to do? What shapes can you see? How have they been arranged? Why do you think Matisse stopped painted and starting creating his 'cut outs'?	What do you see at the seaside? What can you do at the seaside? What shapes can you see? What colours remind you of the seaside?	How can Max get off the island? How do boats stay afloat? What properties will the materials need to have? How can I check if my chosen material will work?
Key Texts/links Artists/designers	Link to who am I/new beginnings	RE- link to Diwali	Link to history Victorian toys	The Emperor's Egg – Martin Jenkins The Odd Egg – Emily Gravett Penguin Small – Mick Inkpen mall	Henri Matisse French culture	The Lighthouse Keeper's Lunch Series: Ronda & David Armitage Poetry The Owl & the Pussy Cat- Edward Lear & Charlotte Voake	Where the Wild things are Link to science materials
Outdoor learning opportunities							Water trays float or sink
Cultural Capital / Enrichment	Celebrating the countries in the world that children come to Normand Croft from.		Fulham Palace – Old Toys session	Science museum Antarctica talk			Seaside Trip

artwo	such as clay, card are found objects to represent somethin known and suggest familiar objects or things  Use clay to construct  such as clay, card are found objects to represent somethin known and suggest familiar objects or things  Use clay to construct	new. Select tools and equipment to cut, shape, join and finish. Measure and cut textiles. Join textiles together to make something. Evaluate my work against the design criteria.	Use a combination of materials cut, torn and glued. Use scissors carefully to cut shapes.  Arrange pieces together to form a recognisable image	Describe the work of notable artists and use the ideas studied to create pieces.  Mix primary colours to make secondary and create colour wheels.  Understand the term 'abstract'  Use a combination of materials cut, torn and glued.	Use a range of materials creatively. Choose colours carefully to represent real life objects. Use two different printing techniques to make a print. Use printing techniques to create patterns and shapes to make a picture. Practise and evaluate a technical process	Generate, develop, model and communicate ideas through talking. Select from and use a wide range of materials and components, according to their characteristics. Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks Use joining, folding or rolling to make it stronger Judge and evaluate work against the design criteriadid it float?
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Year 2	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Self Portrait Drawing/Collage	Poppies  Water colour Painting	Moon Buggies  DT Mechanisms	Fire! Painting/collage/silhouettes	Puppets DT Textiles	Paper Weaving DT Textiles
Key Questions	How would you describe this artwork to someone who couldn't see it? What fruits/veg have been used for the main facial features? What do you notice about the person in this painting?	What is Remembrance Day? Why is the symbol of a poppy used for Remembrance? What can you see when you observe plants closely?	How do vehicles move? What are the differences between different types of vehicles? What would Bob need on his buggy to successfully explore the moon?	How do you think these artists went about painting these images? How else did the artists know what the Great fire looked like? How do the images make you feel?	What are puppets used for/who might use them and why? How do puppets work? What makes a puppet more fun/interesting?	What is a complementary colour? How were these designs created? What patterns can you see?
Key Texts/link	link to science topic Healthy Me	Link to history Remembrance day Beatrix potter- Victorians	Space/Bob and the Moontree Mystery	The Baker's Boy & the Great Fire of London- Tom & Tony Bradman		Grace and Family, Amazing Grace
Outdoor learning opportunities		Sketches of plants		Boat trip along the River Thames		
Cultural Capital / Enrichment	Italian artist- link to Europe			See London landmarks from the Thames on a river cruise.		
	Describe the work of notable artists and use the ideas studied to create pieces.  Use a combination of materials cut, torn and glued.	Draw lines of different sizes and thickness. Show pattern and texture by adding dots and lines. Can investigate, experiment, mix and apply colour for	Research the purpose and use of different types of vehicles. Design by using pictures, diagrams, model mock- ups and labels. Select from and use a range of	Mix primary colours to make secondary colours.  Add white to colours to make tints and black to make tones  Cut out shapes carefully.	Describe designs by using pictures, diagrams, model mock-ups, words and ICT. Select tools, materials, equipment and components to help them make their puppet	Explore the technique of weaving and experiment to produce woven effects.  Select complementary colours to create effect.

Year 3 Cycle A	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Patterns Sculptures	Egyptain masks Sculptures	Egyptian Shaduf DT structures	Iron man	Cave Painting	Flowers painting	DT Dream Catchers Textiles
Key Questions	Which natural materials has Goldsworthy used in these sculptures? Why do you think he used natural materials to make sculptures? Why do his sculptures change over time? What do his sculptures make you think of? What are the similarities and differences between these artists work?	What are death masks and why did the Ancient Egyptians use them?  Who were they for and how were they designed to look?  Why have you chosen to use this colour? Shape? Embellishment?	What is a shaduf and what was it used for? What materials would be suitable and why? How can you make the sticks stand?	Which iron man image is your favourite and why? How did the artist create light and dark? Which shading technique did you find was the most effective? What are the pros and cons of working with chalk and charcoal?	Why was cave art created? Why are cave paintings an important way for us to learn about life in this time? What images can you see and why do you think the artist chose to draw them?	Can you describe how she's used colour in her paintings? Why did she want to paint flowers so close up? What do you notice about her paintings do parts draw your attention more than others? What shapes can you see? Does the piece make your feel a particular way?	What is the purpose of a dream catcher?  What do you think the different parts symbolise?  How do you know if you've been successful?
Key Texts/links	The Green Ship Quentin Blake Andy Goldsworthy Alma Woodsey Thomas	Ancient Egypt The Egyptian Cinderella	Ancient Egypt The Egyptian Cinderella	Iron Man Ted Hughes	Link to Stone Age History	Science link plants Althea McNish and Georgia Oʻkeefe	Link to Native American culture
Outdoor learning opportunities	Using the natural resources in school garden to creature patterns and sculptures				Making own charcoal on fire pit	Observational drawings of plants/flowers	
Cultural Capital / Enrichment		Trip to British Museum	Trip to British Museum			Key artists	

Art/DT key	Explore and comment	Gain an	Research a design and	Compare ideas,	Use pencil to make	Describe the work of	Use research and
skills	on artworks by artists	awareness,	use this information to	methods and	line drawings of	notable artists and use	develop design
	that use natural	appreciation and	make a functional	approaches from	animals	the ideas studied to	criteria to inform the
	resources, using visual	understanding of	product. Select and	amongst the class		create pieces.	design of innovative,
	language (colour,	the uses of masks	use a range of	and with known	use shading to create		functional, appealing
	shape, line, tone,	in Ancient	equipment and	artists and say what	effects	Use pencil and pastels	products that are fit
	texture etc)	Egyptian culture	materials to perform a	we think and feel	Harada a sala a dadi	to create lines and	for purpose
	Use line, tone, shape		practical task.	about them, adapting	Use charcoal or chalk	shapes.	
	to represent things	Use appropriate	Join materials	them as needed	to create form, tone	D	Select from and use a
	seen, imagined or remembered	techniques to	together to enable a		and shape	Represent things	wider range of
	Select, arrange and	achieve a variety of interesting	structure to stand alone.	Drawing: make marks	Apply and blend to	observed,	materials and
	combine materials	effects – such as	Evaluate product and	and lines using a wide	gradually and gently	remembered or	components,
	found in the natural	using papier	test design	range of media and	join two colours,	imagined, using	including textiles and
	environment to create	mache	test design	experiment with	tones or images	colour and selecting	according to their
	an image- be precise!	Trideric		different grades of	together	appropriate paint and	functional properties
	Experiment and work	Use a number of		drawing media.	together	brushes.	and aesthetic qualities
	collaboratively to grow	brush techniques		Experiment using	Mix paint to create a	Blend colours light	
	a piece of art using	using thick and		different grades of	range of natural	and dark to create	Select from and use a
	existing ideas and trial	thin brushes to		pencil and other	colours	shades and tints.	wider range of tools
	and error.	produce shapes,		implements (charcoal)		shades and times.	and equipment to
		textures, patterns		to draw different			perform practical
		and lines.		forms and shapes and	e :		tasks [for example,
				achieve variations in	Experiment with		cutting, shaping,
		Create original		tone.	techniques to create		joining and finishing],
		pieces that show a			different textures - fix		accurately.
		range of			with vanish		Evaluate ideas and
		influences and			experiment with sand		products against their
		styles			for texture		own design criteria
		Show an			use feather, sticks or		and consider the
		understanding of			fingers to paint		views of others to
		characteristics of			gold to panit		improve their work.
		masks -					improve their work.
		exaggeration,					
		distortion,					
		symmetry					

Year 3 Cycle B	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	DT Magnetic Games	Wallpaper printing	Starry Night	Mosaics	Flowers	DT textiles
			painting	collage	Painting	Bookmarks
Key Questions	What are magnets used for? How do magnets work? Who will your game be for and how will it work?	Have you seen patterns in the natural world?  How would you describe the pattern? What can you see?  What similarities did you notice? What differences?  How would you describe the shapes in this picture?  What can you tell me about the colours in this painting?	How does Van Gogh convey the weather in his paintings What shapes and colours has the artist used? How does the artwork make you feel? What's different interesting about the techniques used?	What were mosaics used for in the Roman times? What are mosaics usually made from? What is your favourite Roman mosaic that you have seen and why?	Can you describe how the artist has used colour in her paintings? Why did she want to paint flowers so close up? What do you notice about her paintings do parts draw your attention more than others? Does the piece make your feel a particular way? What are the similarities and differences between these artists' work	What is the purpose of a bookmark? What materials would be suitable/not suitable? What type of sewing stitch can you remember from year 2? What is effective about this bookmark pattern?
Key Texts/links/ Artists/designers	Link to science magnets and forces	History- Victorians William Morris	Rhythm of the rain	Link to history topic Romans	Science link to plants Georga O'Keffe Althea McNish	
Outdoor learning opportunities		Outdoor observational drawings of plants			Observational drawings of flowers	
Cultural Capital / Enrichment		Trip to William Morris museum -local			Study of black British/Trinidadian artist	
Key art/DT skills	Use research and develop design criteria to inform	Comment on artwork using visual language.	Describe the work of artists to build	Describe the work of notable artists and use	Describe the work of notable artists and use	Use research and develop design criteria to inform

functional, appealin		understanding. Use work	the ideas studied to	the ideas studied to	the design of innovative,
	ng ideas and replicate	of other artists as a	create pieces.	create pieces.	functional, appealing
product that is fit for purpose.  Select from and use wider range of toole equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, skipoining and finishing accurately.  Evaluate the game against the design Does it meet the crift not, what would ynext time?	patterns observed in natural environments. Make printing blocks. (coiled string) or cut polystyrene. Make precise repeating patterns using layers of two or more colours. Practise and evaluate a technical processprinting is not an exact science and mistakes are	_			•

Year 4 Cycle A	Autumn 1		Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Patterns Sculptures		Egyptian Shaduf  DT structures	Iron man sketching	Cave Painting	Cut outs Collage	Dream Catchers  DT textiles
Key Questions	Which natural materials has Goldsworthy used in these sculptures? What natural materials could you use in your sculpture? Why do you think he used natural materials to make sculptures? Why do his sculptures change over time? What do his sculptures make you think of?	What are death masks and why did the Ancient Egyptians use them?  Who were they for and how were they designed to look?  Why have you chosen to use this colour? Shape? Embellishment?	What is a shaduf and what was it used for? What materials would be suitable and why? How can you make the sticks stand?	Which iron man image is your favourite and why? How did the artist create light and dark?  Which shading technique did you find was the most effective?  What are the pros and cons of working with chalk and charcoal?	Why was cave art created? Why are cave paintings an important way for us to learn about life in this time? What images can you see and why do you think the artist chose to draw them?	How do you think this picture was created? What shapes/object/images can you see? Which artist do you prefer and why? What do you think about their choice of colours -why do you think he chose them? What do you feel when you look at these artworks?	What is the purpose of a dream catcher?  What do you think the different parts symbolise?  How do you know if you've been successful?
Key Texts/links/Artists/ Designers	Andy Goldsworthy The Green Ship Quentin Blake Alma Woodsey Thomas	Ancient Egypt The Egyptian Cinderella	Ancient Egypt The Egyptian Cinderella	Iron Man Ted Hughes	Link to Stone Age History	Henri Matisse Reggie Laurent	Link to Native American culture
Outdoor learning opportunities	Using the natural resources in school garden to creature patterns and sculptures				Making own charcoal on fire pit		
Cultural Capital / Enrichment		Trip to British Museum	Trip to British Museum				

Art/DT key skills	Explore and comment	Gain an	Research a design	Compare ideas,	Use pencil to make	Describe and compare	Use research and
	on artworks by artists	awareness,	and use this	methods and	line drawings of	the work of notable	develop design
	that use natural	appreciation and	information to make	approaches from	animals	artists and use the ideas	criteria to inform the
	resources, using visual	understanding of	a functional product.	amongst the class		studied to create pieces.	design of innovative,
	language (colour,	the uses of masks	Select and	and with known	use shading to		functional, appealing
	shape, line, tone,	in Ancient	use a range of	artists and say what	create effects	Consider how to select	products that are fit
	texture etc)	Egyptian culture	equipment and	we think and feel	11	colours together- using	for purpose, aimed at
	Use line, tone, shape		materials to perform	about them,	Use charcoal or chalk	complementary colours	particular individuals
	to represent things seen, imagined or	Use appropriate	a practical task. Join materials together to	adapting them as	to create form, tone and shape	and how to place them	or groups.
	remembered	techniques to	enable a structure to	needed	and snape	on the paper.	
	Select, arrange and	achieve a variety	stand alone.		Apply and blend to	Cut multiple shapes	Select from and use a
	combine materials	of interesting	Evaluate product and	Drawing: make	gradually and gently	with a scissors and	wider range of
	found in the natural	effects – such as	test design-	marks and lines	join two colours,	arrange /stick these on	materials and
	environment to create	using papier	3	using a wide range	tones or images	a surface for a purpose.	components,
	an image- be precise!	mache		of media and	together	a surface for a purpose.	including textiles and
	Experiment and work			experiment with			according to their
	collaboratively to	Use a number of		different grades of	Mix paint to create a		functional properties
	grow a piece of art	brush techniques		drawing media.	range of natural		and aesthetic
	using existing ideas	using thick and		Experiment using	colours		qualities Select from
	and trial and error.	thin brushes to		different grades of	From a silver a set of the		and use a wider
		produce shapes,		pencil and other	Experiment with		range of tools and
		textures, patterns and lines.		implements	techniques to create different textures -		equipment to
		and inies.		(charcoal) to draw	fix with vanish		perform practical
		Create original		different forms and	experiment with		tasks [for example,
		pieces that show		shapes and achieve	sand for texture		cutting, shaping,
		a range of		variations in tone.	Sand for texture		joining and finishing],
		influences and			use feather, sticks or		accurately.
		styles			fingers to paint		Evaluate ideas and
							products against
		Show an					their own design
		understanding of					criteria and consider
		characteristics of					the views of others to
		masks -					improve their work.
		exaggeration,					,
		distortion,					
		symmetry					

Year 4 Cycle B	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	What's that sound?	Wallpaper printing	Starry Night	Mosaics	DT Lighthouses	DT textiles
	Musical instruments DT structures		painting	collage		Bookmarks
Key Questions	What materials are used to make the instrument? What part makes the noise? How do you make different notes? What is the structure of the instrument/solid or hollow? Does it have a box, arm, stem, board? What parts have to be strong?	Have you seen patterns in the natural world? How would you describe the pattern? What can you see? What similarities did you notice? What differences? What kinds of things do you see in this picture? How would you describe the shapes in this picture? What can you tell me about the colours in this painting?	How does Van Gogh convey the weather in his paintings What shapes and colours has the artist used? How does the artwork make you feel? What's different/ interesting about the techniques used?	What were mosaics used for in the Roman times? What are mosaics usually made from? What is your favourite Roman mosaic that you have seen and why?	What are lighthouses used for? How do lighthouses work? What makes a complete electrical circuit? How will you make it stand?	What is the purpose of a Bookmark  What materials are suitable/not suitable?  What sewing stitch can you remember form year 2?  What is effective about this bookmark pattern?
Key Texts/links/ Artists/designers	Link to science sound	History- Victorians William Morris	Rhythm of the rain	Link to history topic Romans	Science link to electricity	
Outdoor learning opportunities		Outdoor observational drawings of plants				
Cultural Capital / Enrichment		Trip to William Morris museum -local				
Key art/DT skills	Investigate, disassemble and evaluate a range of musical instruments in	Comment on artwork using visual language. Use drawing to express ideas and replicate	Describe the work of artists to build understanding. Use work of other artists as a	Describe the work of notable artists and use the ideas studied to create pieces. Use	Select materials and components to make a light.	Use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing

order to learn how they function. Identify a purpose for your instrument. Know how materials can be combined and mixed in order to create more useful properties. Select appropriate materials, tools and techniques Be able to join and combine materials and components accurately in temporary ways. Evaluate design ideas as they develop, bearing in mind the users and the purposes for which the product is intended. Show ways of improving your ideas.

patterns observed in natural environments.
Make printing blocks.
(coiled string) or cut polystyrene.
Make precise repeating patterns using layers of two or more colours.
Practise and evaluate a technical processprinting is not an exact science and mistakes are common!

stimulus to develop ideas. Can learn about 'how to' from studying other artist's work

Understand how artists use warm and cool colours and using this when mixing paint to express a mood in a work.

Explore the effect on paint of adding water, glue, sand, sawdust and use this in a painting

Mix and use primary and secondary colours with the addition of black and white and other hues. pencil and pastels to create lines and shapes.

Represent things observed, remembered or imagined, using colour and selecting appropriate paint and brushes.

Blend colours light and dark to create shades and tints.

Wire up a circuit to the battery and the switch to make the bulb work effectively.

Add materials to make the light reflect efficiently so that it works well and looks nice.

Make a tall structure that can stand securely
Evaluate the lighthouse against the design brief.
Does it meet the criteria?
If not, what would you do next time?

product that is fit for purpose. Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately.

Select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including textiles and according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities.

Evaluate ideas and products against your own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve your work.

Year 5 Cycle A	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Feathers Sketching	Greek Pots Clay	DT Pop up card mechanisms	Ice Worlds painting	DT Parachutes	Japanese Notan Art
Key Questions	Which front cover illustration is your favourite and why What colours have been used? How have they created light and dark in these sketches Which sketching technique did you find the most effective?	What were ancient Greek pots used for? What do the pictures on the pots represent? Why were the main colours orange/red and black	What is a pop-up card?  Can you identify the different types of mechanisms?  How can I use a mechanism to create a structure?  How can I make it neater and more appealing to children?	How would you describe the lines in this picture? The shapes? The colours? How would you describe this painting to a person who could not see it? Which objects seems closer to you? Further away? What do you notice about the colours in this painting? What colour is used the most? How do you think the artist made this work?	What is the purpose of a parachute? Which type of material would make the best parachute? What changes could you make to improve your design?	What is an organic and geometric shape? What are the positive and negative spaces in this design? How was the piece created? How does the piece feel balanced/unbalanced?
Key Texts/links Artists/designers	Skellig by David Almond	Link to Ancient Greeks		Link to History Shakleton Artist Linda Lang	Link to science Forces	Link to Kensuke's Kingdom by Michael Morpurgo Japanese art
Outdoor learning opportunities					Outdoor space to test parachutes	
Cultural Capital / Enrichment		British Museum trip				

Key art/ DT skills	Select, use and	Explore Greek pots from	Use research and develop	Describe the work of	Generate, develop, model	Can use work of other
Key ai (, Di Skills	manipulate a range of	photographs.	design criteria to inform	notable artists and use	and communicate ideas	artists and cultures as a
	drawing tools, using them	Design your own Greek				
	with control and dexterity	pot in your sketch book.	the design of innovative,	the ideas studied to	through discussion,	stimulus to develop ideas
	to accurately represent	Knead and mould clay to	functional, appealing	create pieces.	annotated sketches,	and ways of creating
	from observation.	create a pot with handles	products.	Carefully arrange objects	cross-sectional diagrams,	artwork.
		using the coil pot	Understand how	to create a good	prototypes, pattern	Select and use cutting
	Convey tonal qualities	method.	structures use the	composition (how objects	pieces and computer-	tools and adhesives with
	well, showing good	Use water and tools and	movement of the pages	are laid out)	aided design.	care to achieve a specific
	understanding of light	smooth clay and create	to work. Use a mechanism	are faid out)	Select from and use a	outcome
	and dark on form	detailed surface	to control a movement.	Use perspective to show	wider range of tools and	outcome
		decoration from incising,	to control a movement.	distance in a landscape.	_	Consider how to select
	Explore different pencil	cutting, pressing and	Use paper, card and glue		equipment to perform	colours together and how
	grades, shading and	piercing. Paint/decorate	to make the book	Understand how	practical tasks accurately	to place them on the
	hatching techniques and	clay in appropriate	structure	perspective affects size	e.g. cutting, shaping,	paper.
	shadow.	colours.	3.30.0.0	and colour e.g. lighter	joining and finishing.	F-20
			Make mechanisms and/or	tones look further away	Strengthen, stiffen and	Cut multiple shapes with
	Use dry media to make		structures by using		reinforce more complex	a scissors and arrange
	different lines, marks,		sliders, pivots and folds to	Blend colours light and	structures.	these on a surface
	patterns and shapes		produce movement'	dark to create shades and	Structures.	making sure there is a
			•	tones.	Select from and use a	balance of light and dark.
	Confidently and strongly		Make the book look		wider range of materials	J
	use charcoal/pastels in		neater/more attractive by		and	Can select, use and
	response to light and		using layers using spacers		components,(including	manipulate a range of
	dark, shadows and well lit		to hide relevant parts of		construction materials,	drawing tools, using them
	areas		my mechanisms		textiles), according to	with control and dexterity
					their functional	to accurately represent
			Evaluate ideas and		properties and aesthetic	from observation
			products against own		qualities	
			design criteria and		quantics	
			consider how to improve		Investigate and analyse a	
			your work		range of existing	
					products	
					Evaluate ideas and	
					products against your	
					own design criteria and	
					consider the views of	

	others to improve your work.
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Year 5 Cycle B	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Highway Man Ink images	DT Bridges structures	The Blitz  Perspective painting	Pop art	DT Weaving	DT Parachutes	Islamic art Printing
Key Questions	What images come to mind when reading this poem?  What might the trees in this poem look like?  Which colours could represent the poem?	What are bridges used for? Can you explain the 4 main types of bridges there are? How are they different?  How can you ease the forces of tension and compression in your bridge  How could your bridge be improved further?	What happened in the Blitz?  What do these images have in common?  How has the artist created the perspective of a street?	How could you describe these artistic styles?  Who might the audience be for each of these examples?  How has the artist made his work stand out?  How might you use their ideas on your piece of work?	What kind of things did Vikings wear? How were they created? What materials do you think they worked with?	What is the purpose of a parachute? Which type of material would make the best parachute? What changes could you make to improve your design?	What do you notice about the patterns in Islamic art? Which shapes are often used in Islamic art? Can you design your own tile and use lino printing to create your own repeating pattern?
Key Texts/links Artists/designers	The Highway Man by Alfred Noyes		Link to WW11 L.S Lowry	Andy Warhol	Link to Vikings	Link to science forces	Zarah Hussain (British) Islamic civilization
Outdoor learning opportunities							

Cultural Capital /		Into university					
Enrichment		workshops					
Key art/DT skills	Comment on the work of other artists paying particular attention to techniques used and the effect on atmosphere it has created  Use the work and technique of other artists and literary writers as a stimulus for own artwork.  Improve mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing in the context of charcoal.  Develop and refine artistic drawing techniques such as blocking, shading, and cleanup  Use hatching, stippling and ink wash to create tone and atmosphere.  Use simple perspective when appropriate and begin to develop an awareness of	Use research of bridge types and structures to generate ideas that will inform your design incl making a prototype  Explore and consider the texture and properties of materials to ensure they are suitable for purpose.  Explore and select tools to join materials to join materials to ensure they are suitable for purpose.  Explore and select tools to join materials to join materials to join materials together  Reflect and evaluate the end product against the design criteria.  Consider the views of others to improve work.	Take inspiration from other pieces of art painted of the blitz and discuss them e.g. preferences, painting techniques (brush strokes), build-up of colour.  Explore colour mixing and blending techniques. Create a graduated colour backgrounds by building up -starting from the lightest colour to the darkest and layering.  Develop an awareness of composition, scale and proportion in their paintings e.g. foreground, middle ground and background.  To understand how vanishing points and guidelines are used to create perspective Using ink/black paint to recreate building shapes along the street.	Analyse different kinds of art, craft and design and gain an understanding of great artists and designers in history.  Develop artistic techniques, including control and use of materials in the style of 'Pop Art'.  Create block lettering and the inclusion of serifs to extend letters and fill the space.  Applying colour carefully and neatly within the lines.  Create contrasting backgrounds. Add blocked in shadows to create an effect.	Show an awareness of the natural environment through careful colour matching.  Use a variety of techniques, e.g. printing, dyeing, weaving and stitching to create different textural effects.  Select and use contrasting colours and textures in stitching and weaving.	Generate, develop, model and communicate ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design.  Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks accurately e.g. cutting, shaping, joining and finishing.  Strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures.  Select from and use a wider range of materials and components,(including construction materials, textiles), according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities  Investigate and analyse a range of existing products	Describe the work of artists, craftspeople and designers to build understanding and discuss this with others  Can make connections between own work and patterns in their local environment  Can recreate images through relief printing using card and mark making tolls to control, line, shape, texture and tone  Can explore colour mixing through printing, using two coloured inks, a roller and stencil or pressprint/Easiprint poly - blocks

composition, scale			Evaluate ideas and	
and proportion.			products against your	
			own design criteria and	
			consider the views of	
			others to improve your	
			work.	

Year 6 Cycle A	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Feathers	DT Bridges	Greek Pots	DT Pop up card	Ice Worlds	DT mechanisms	DT textiles
	Sketching		Clay pottery	Mechanisms	Painting	Ready Steady Hand game	Cuddly toy
Key Questions	Which front cover illustration is your favourite and why What colours have been used? How have they created light and dark in these sketches Which sketching technique did you find the most effective?	What are bridges used for? Can you explain the 4 main types of bridges there are? How are they different?  How can you ease the forces of tension and compression in your bridge  How could your bridge be improved further?	What were ancient Greek pots used for? What do the pictures on the pots represent? Why were the main colours orange/red and black	What is a pop-up card?  Can you identify the different types of mechanisms?  How can I use a mechanism to create a structure?  How can I make it neater and more appealing to children?	How would you describe the lines in this picture? The shapes? The colours? What does this painting show? How would you describe this painting to a person who could not see it? Which objects seems closer to you? Further away? What do you notice about the colours in this painting? What colour is used the most? How do you think the artist made this work? What sounds would this painting make (if it could)?	What would make the game difficult to complete? What would a good quality base look like? How can you make the buzzer sound or make the bulb light up - depending on which of these you are using?	? Can you generate ideas for your design and confidently draw an annotated final design with accurate measurements? Can you create your product using your design through utilising measuring, cutting and sewing skills taught to you?  Can you evaluate your product at the beginning and the end?
Key Texts/links Artists/designers	Skellig by David Almond		Link to Ancient Greeks		Link to History Shakleton Artist Linda Lang	Link to science electricity	

	Select, use and manipulate a range of drawing tools, using them with control and dexterity to accurately represent from observation.  Convey tonal qualities well, showing good understanding of light and dark on form  Explore different pencil grades, shading and hatching techniques and shadow.  Use dry media to make different lines, marks, patterns and shapes  Confidently and strongly use charcoal/pastels in response to light and dark, shadows and well lit areas	Into University workshops  Use research of bridge types and structures to generate ideas that will inform your design incl making a prototype  Explore and consider the texture and properties of materials to ensure they are suitable for purpose.  Explore and select tools to join materials together  Reflect and evaluate the end product against the design criteria.  Consider the views of others to	Explore Greek pots from photographs. Design your own Greek pot in your sketch book.  Knead and mould clay to create a pot with handles using the coil pot method.  Use water and tools and smooth clay and create detailed surface decoration from incising, cutting, pressing and piercing.  Paint/decorate clay in appropriate colours.	Understand how structures use the movement of the pages to work. Use a mechanism to control a movement.  Use paper, card and glue to make the book structure  Make mechanisms and/or structures by using sliders, pivots and folds to produce movement'  Make the book look neater/more attractive by using layers using spacers to hide relevant parts of my mechanisms  Evaluate ideas and products against own design criteria and consider how to improve your work	Describe the work of notable artists and use the ideas studied to create pieces.  Carefully arrange objects to create a good composition (how objects are laid out)  Use perspective to show distance in a landscape.  Understand how perspective affects size and colour e.g. lighter tones look further away  Blend colours light and dark to create shades and tones.	Develop design criteria to inform the design of functional, appealing products that are aimed at particular individuals or groups. Generate, develop and communicate ideas through discussion and annotated sketches.  Model ideas through prototypes. Select from and use a wide range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks.  Accurately cut and assemble a net.  Select from and use a wide range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks.  Understand and use electronics in their products, make and	Generate and then create a design through confidently labelling drawings from different views.  Create a plan based on design and specific materials that will be used.  Measure, mark out, cut, tape or pin fabric with some accuracy.  Attach different elements using stitching, using straight stitch, running or cross stitch  Can use plaiting, pinning, stapling, stitching and sewing techniques with care to decorate and make an artefact.  Evaluate end product at the beginning and the end.
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		incorporate a circuit into a base.	
		Evaluate ideas and products against	
		design criteria and consider the views of	
		others to improve your work.	

Year 6 Cycle B	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Highway Man Ink images	The Blitz Perspective painting	Pop Art	DT Weaving	DT Ready Stead Hand Game	DT textiles project  Cuddly toy
Key Questions	What images come to mind when reading this poem?  What might the trees in this poem look like?  Which colours could represent the poem?	What do these images have in common?  How has the artist created the perspective of a street?	How could you describe these artistic styles?  Who might the audience be for each of these examples?  How has the artist made his work stand out?  Think about colour, subject, style of art, composition and materials used.  How might you use their ideas on your piece of work? Will the colour, style, subject or composition of the artworks inspire you?	What kind of things did Vikings wear?  How were they created?  What materials do you think they worked with?	What would make the game difficult to complete? What would a good quality base look like? How can you make the buzzer sound or make the bulb light up - depending on which of these you are using?	Can you generate ideas for your design and confidently draw an annotated final design with accurate measurements? Can you create your product using your design through utilising measuring, cutting and sewing skills taught to you? Can you evaluate your product at the beginning and the end?
Key Texts/links  Artists/designers	The Highway Man by Alfred Noyes	Link to WW11 L.S Lowry	Artist Andy Warhol	Link to Vikings	Link to science electricity	
Outdoor learning opportunities						

Cultural Capital /						
Enrichment						
=	Comment on the work of other artists paying particular attention to techniques used and the effect on atmosphere it has created  Use the work and technique of other artists and literary writers as a stimulus for own artwork.  Improve mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing in the context of charcoal.  Develop and refine artistic drawing techniques such as blocking, shading, and cleanup  Use hatching, stippling and ink wash to create tone and atmosphere.  Use simple perspective when appropriate and begin to develop an awareness of composition, scale and proportion.	Take inspiration from other pieces of art painted of the blitz and discuss them e.g. preferences, painting techniques (brush strokes), build-up of colour.  Explore colour mixing and blending techniques. Create a graduated colour backgrounds by building up -starting from the lightest colour to the darkest and layering.  Develop an awareness of composition, scale and proportion in their paintings e.g. foreground, middle ground and background.  To understand how vanishing points and guidelines are used to create perspective Using ink/black paint to recreate building shapes along the street.	Analyse different kinds of art, craft and design and gain an understanding of great artists and designers in history.  Develop artistic techniques, including control and use of materials in the style of 'Pop Art'.  Create block lettering and the inclusion of serifs to extend letters and fill the space. Experiment with intertwining letters.  Applying colour carefully and neatly within the lines. Create contrasting backgrounds. Add blocked in shadows to create an effect.	Show an awareness of the natural environment through careful colour matching.  Use a variety of techniques, e.g. printing, dyeing, weaving and stitching to create different textural effects.  Select and use contrasting colours and textures in stitching and weaving.	Generate, develop, model and communicate ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computeraided design.  Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks accurately e.g. cutting, shaping, joining and finishing.  Strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures.  Select from and use a wider range of materials and components, (including construction materials, textiles), according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities  Investigate and analyse a range of existing products  Evaluate ideas and products against your own design criteria and	Generate and then create a design through confidently labelling drawings from different views. Create a plan based on design and specific materials that will be used. Measure, mark out, cut, tape or pin fabric with some accuracy. Attach different elements using stitching, using straight stitch, running or cross stitch  Can use plaiting, pinning, stapling, stitching and sewing techniques with care to decorate and make an artefact.  Evaluate end product at the beginning and the end.

		consider the views of others to improve your work.	
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