### **Art/ Design Technology: Overview**

EYFS	Within Nursery and Reception, the Early Years Foundation Stage Framework is followed as well as Birth to 5 matters. The 'Art and Design' aspect of the curriculum is mainly followed through the areas of 'Expressive Arts and Design'. Opportunities for children to be imaginative, explore different materials and develop their ideas is
Art and Design	an important part of the Early Years Foundation Stage.  The teaching of art and design is integrated into the overall topics or themes of the half term. In addition, each Nursery and Reception class has a creative area available as part of continuous provision where children develop and practise skills independently and explore their ideas. Children can choose from a range of materials and are taught basic techniques in drawing, painting, printing, collage and 3D work.

EYFS <u>Nursery</u>	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
What the child						
might do:						
g u.c.						
Drawing/painting	Create closed shapes with	continuous lines and begin	to use these shapes to repre	esent objects.		
	Draw with increasing comp	plexity and detail, such as re	presenting a face with a circ	le and including details.		
	Use drawing to represent i	deas like movement noises	and emotions.			
	Play with, explore and disc	over paint and experience o	colour using a variety of tools	s to apply paint.		
	Explore mark making using	g card, brushes, sticks, spon	ges, fingers etc. Explore colo	ur and colour-mixing.		
	Name and explore using the	ne primary colours of paint.				
Printing/Collage	Explore printing technique	S.				
	Experiment printing using	hands, fingers, sticks and fro	uit.			
	Begin to make collections	of visual materials and sort	e.g. rough/smooth.			
Sculpture	Take part in experimental բ	olay with materials e.g., sand	d, clay, construction kits, play	dough.		
	Explore different materials	freely, in order to develop t	their ideas about how to use	them and what to make.		
	Develop their own ideas ar	nd then decide which mater	ials to use to express them.			
	Join different materials and	d explore different textures.				

EYFS Reception	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2						
What the child												
might do:												
Drawing/painting	Experiment with mark mak	ing using a range of mater	ials on a variety of surface	es and scales.								
	Use graphic tools, chalks, p	pencils, brushes etc. to expl	ore a range of marks.									
	Create simple representation	ons of events, people and o	objects.									
Printing/collage	Explore what happens whe	n they mix colours and nar	ne orange, purple and gr	een paint.								
	Explore mark making using	g card, brushes, sticks, spon	ges, fingers etc									
	Explore printing technique	S.										
	Focus on direct printing.											
	Experiment printing using	leaves, fruit etc.										
	Begin to create repeating p	oatterns										
	Tear, cut, glue and rearrang	ge visual materials.										
Sculpture	Take part in purposeful pla	y with materials e.g., sand,	clay, construction kits, pla	aydough.								
	Sorting materials using app	oropriate vocab e.g., smoot	h, soft, velvet etc.									
	Selecting appropriate mate	erials for models in the wor	kshop.									

Within Nursery and Reception, the Early Years Foundation Stage Framework is followed as well as Birth to 5 matters. The 'Design & Technology' aspect of the	
curriculum is followed through the areas of 'Expressive Arts and Design' and 'Understanding the World.'	
In Early Years, design and technology teaching is integrated into the overall topics or themes of the half term. The children create their own open-ended products	
that support their imaginative play and they also have the opportunity to design and make junk models using recyclable materials. They use various construction kits	
to develop their problem-solving skills within Design and Technology so they build, evaluate and improve their models. Although children have access to each area	
independently, challenges are included to ensure key skills are applied. In each Nursery and Reception class a workshop area is available as part of continuous	
provision where children develop and practise skills independently. Children use a range of materials and are taught basic techniques such	
as joining, folding and safe use of simple tools including a range of cooking utensils.	
	curriculum is followed through the areas of 'Expressive Arts and Design' and 'Understanding the World.' In Early Years, design and technology teaching is integrated into the overall topics or themes of the half term. The children create their own open-ended products that support their imaginative play and they also have the opportunity to design and make junk models using recyclable materials. They use various construction kits to develop their problem-solving skills within Design and Technology so they build, evaluate and improve their models. Although children have access to each area independently, challenges are included to ensure key skills are applied. In each Nursery and Reception class a workshop area is available as part of continuous provision where children develop and practise skills independently. Children use a range of materials and are taught basic techniques such

EYFS Nursery	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2				
What the child might do:										
Technical		Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors.  Make imaginative and complex 'small worlds' with blocks and construction kits, such as a city with different buildings and a park.								
Cooking and Nutrition		and learning how to use a k at food, drink, activity and to e of ingredients.								
Design and make	Develop their own ideas ar	nd then decide which materi I explore different textures.	heir ideas about how to use als to use to express them.	them and what to make.						

EYFS Reception	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
What the child								
might do:								
Technical	Develop their small motor	skills so that they can use a	range of tools competently,	safely and confidently.				
	Suggested tools: pencils fo	r drawing and writing, paint	brushes, scissors, knives, fork	s and spoons.				
	ELG: Safely use and explore	a variety of tools and techr	niques experimenting with co	olour, design, texture, form a	nd function.			
Cooking and	Know and talk about the d	ifferent factors that support	their overall health and well	being: - regular physical act	ivity, - healthy eating, - tooth	n brushing, - sensible		
Nutrition	amounts of 'screen time', -	having a good sleep routine	e, - being a safe pedestrian.					
	ELG: Use a range of small to	ools, including scissors, pain	tbrushes and cutlery.					
Design and	Explore, use and refine a va	riety of artistic effects to ex	press their ideas and feelings	5.				
make	Create collaboratively, sha	ring ideas, resources and ski	ills.					
	Use different techniques fo	r joining materials such as h	now to use adhesive tape and	l different sorts of glue.				
	Use natural materials to make a product.							
Evaluate	Return to and build on thei	r previous learning, refining	ideas and developing their	ability to represent them.				
	ELG: Share their creations,	explaining the process they	have used.					

#### Art/DT: Overview

Year 1	Autumn 1	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer1	Summer 2
	Self Portraits painting Who am I?	Pottery (Diva Lamps)	DT Victorian Toys (textiles and mechanisms)	Collage	Collage continued  Matisse study	Seaside Printing	DT Boats (structures)
Key Questions	What makes me unique? What things are important to me? What do you notice about Kahlo's self – portraits? What symbols did she include and why?	Why are Diva lamps important at Diwali time? Can you describe their shape? How can you make your clay smoother?	What toys do you look to play with and why? How have toys changed over time? What are the similarities and differences between dolls now and dolls in the past?	How do these colours make you feel? Can you sort them into cool and warm? What 2d shapes can you see?	How do you think this picture was created? What art did Matisse like to do? What shapes can you see? How have they been arranged? Why do you think Matisse stopped painted and starting creating his 'cut outs'?	What do you see at the seaside? What can you do at the seaside? What shapes can you see? What colours remind you of the seaside?	How can Max get off the island? How do boats stay afloat? What properties will the materials need to have? How can I check if my chosen material will work?
Key Texts/links Artists/designers	Link to who am I/new beginnings	RE- link to Diwali	Link to history Victorian toys	The Emperor's Egg – Martin Jenkins The Odd Egg – Emily Gravett Penguin Small – Mick Inkpen mall	Henri Matisse	The Lighthouse Keeper's Lunch Series: Ronda & David Armitage Poetry The Owl & the Pussy Cat- Edward Lear & Charlotte Voake	Where the Wild things are Link to science materials
Cultural Capital / Enrichment	Celebrating the countries in the world that children come to Normand Croft from.		Fulham Palace – Old Toys session	Science museum Antarctica talk	French culture		Seaside Trip
Art/DT skills	Look closely at artwork and ask and answer questions. Show pattern and texture by adding dots and lines (create	Respond to sculptures and craft artists to help them adapt and make their own work Handle and manipulates rigid and	Research toys/dolls and make comparisons between old and new. Select tools and equipment to cut,	Use a combination of materials cut, torn and glued. Use scissors carefully to cut shapes.	Describe the work of notable artists and use the ideas studied to create pieces.  Mix primary colours to make secondary	Use a range of materials creatively. Choose colours carefully to represent real life objects.	Generate, develop, model and communicate ideas through talking. Select from and use a wide range of materials and

face features e.g.	malleable materials	shape, join and	Arrange pieces together	and create colour	Use two different	components,
eyes)	such as clay, card and	finish.	to form a recognisable	wheels.	printing techniques	according to their
Use thick and thin	found objects to	Measure and cut	image	Understand the term	to make a print.	characteristics.
brushes and mix	represent something	textiles. Join		'abstract'	Use printing	Select from and use a
primary colours to	known and suggest	textiles together to			techniques to create	range of tools and
make secondary.	familiar objects or	make something.		Use a combination of	patterns and shapes	equipment to
Describe the work of	things	Evaluate my work		materials cut, torn and	to make a picture.	perform practical
artists and use the	Use clay to construct	against the design		glued.	Practise and evaluate	tasks
ideas behind their	a simple functional	criteria.			a technical process	Use joining, folding
pieces	form such as a pinch					or rolling to make it
	pot smoothing and					stronger Judge and
	joining clay with care.					evaluate work against
						the design criteria-
						did it float?

#### Art/DT: Overview

Year 2	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Self Portrait Drawing/Collage	Poppies  Water colour Painting	Moon Buggies  DT Mechanisms	Fire! Painting/collage/silhouettes	Puppets DT Textiles	Paper Weaving  Art/DT Textiles
RT	How would you describe this artwork to someone who couldn't see it? What fruits/veg have been used for the main facial features? What do you notice about the person in this painting?	What is Remembrance Day? Why is the symbol of a poppy used for Remembrance? What can you see when you observe plants closely?	How do vehicles move? What are the differences between different types of vehicles? What would Bob need on his buggy to successfully explore the moon?	How do you think these artists went about painting these images? How else did the artists know what the Great fire looked like? How do the images make you feel?	What are puppets used for/who might use them and why? How do puppets work? What makes a puppet more fun/interesting?	What is a complementary colour? How were these designs created? What patterns can you see?
Key Texts/link	link to science topic Healthy Me	Link to history Remembrance day	Space/Bob and the Moontree Mystery	The Baker's Boy & the Great Fire of London- Tom & Tony Bradman		Grace and Family, Amazing Grace

		Beatrix potter-				
		Victorians				
Outdoor		Sketches of plants		Boat trip along the River		
learning				Thames		
opportunities						
Cultural Capital	Italian artist- link to			See London landmarks from		
/ Enrichment	Europe			the Thames on a river cruise.		
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	Describe the work of	Draw lines of different	Research the purpose	Mix primary colours to make	Describe designs by	Explore the technique of
	notable artists and use	sizes and thickness.	and use of different	secondary colours.	using pictures,	weaving and
	the ideas studied to	Show pattern and	types of vehicles.		diagrams, model mock-	experiment to produce
	create pieces.	texture by adding dots	Design by using	Add white to colours to make	ups, words and ICT.	woven effects.
	Use a combination of	and lines.	pictures, diagrams,	tints and black to make tones	Select tools,	
	materials cut, torn and	Can investigate,	model mock-ups and	Cut aut abanca acrafullu	materials, equipment	Select complementary
	glued.	experiment, mix and	labels. Select from and	Cut out shapes carefully.	and components to	colours to create effect.
		apply colour for	use a range of tools	Use a combination of	help them make their	Use simple over/under
	Use a combination of	purposes to represent real life, ideas and	and equipment to	materials cut and glued.	puppet Measure and	•
	shapes	convey mood.	perform practical tasks		cut a piece of fabric	weaving techniques.
	Sort and arrange	Use thin brush strokes	[for example, cutting,	Arrange shapes to create an	To thread a	Explain and describe the
	materials to form a facial	Use white to make tints	shaping, joining and	image.	needle and use a simple	technique of weaving.
	composition.	ose white to make this	finishing]		running stitch. Tie off	J
	·			Use careful brushstrokes to	the thread.	Measure and cut
			Join materials together	blend colours together	Decorate the	accurately.
			as part of a moving	creating a gradient.	material to give the	
			product. Use axels and		puppet features.	
			wheels in a product.			
			Took indeed and			
			Test, judge and			
			evaluate against the			
			design criteria.			
I						

Year 3 Cycle A	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Patterns	Egyptian masks	Egyptian Shaduf	Iron man	Cave Painting	Flowers	DT Dream Catchers
	Sculptures	Sculptures	DT structures	sketching		painting	Textiles
Key Questions	Which natural materials has Goldsworthy used in these sculptures? Why do you think he used natural materials to make sculptures? Why do his sculptures change over time? What do his sculptures make you think of? What are the similarities and differences between these artists work?	What are death masks and why did the Ancient Egyptians use them?  Who were they for and how were they designed to look?  Why have you chosen to use this colour? Shape? Embellishment?	What is a shaduf and what was it used for? What materials would be suitable and why? How can you make the sticks stand?	Which iron man image is your favourite and why? How did the artist create light and dark? Which shading technique did you find was the most effective? What are the pros and cons of working with chalk and charcoal?	Why was cave art created? Why are cave paintings an important way for us to learn about life in this time? What images can you see and why do you think the artist chose to draw them?	Can you describe how she's used colour in her paintings? Why did she want to paint flowers so close up? What do you notice about her paintings do parts draw your attention more than others? What shapes can you see? Does the piece make your feel a particular way?	What is the purpose of a dream catcher?  What do you think the different parts symbolise?  How do you know if you've been successful?
Key Texts/links	The Green Ship Quentin Blake Andy Goldsworthy Alma Woodsey Thomas	Ancient Egypt The Egyptian Cinderella	Ancient Egypt The Egyptian Cinderella	Iron Man Ted Hughes	Link to Stone Age History	Science link plants Althea McNish and Georgia O'keefe	Link to Native American culture
Outdoor	Using the natural				Making own charcoal	Observational	
learning	resources in school				on fire pit	drawings of	
opportunities	garden to creature patterns and sculptures					plants/flowers	
Cultural Capital / Enrichment		Trip to British Museum	Trip to British Museum			Key artists	
Art/DT key	Explore and comment	Gain an	Research a design	Compare ideas,	Use pencil to make	Describe the work of	Use research and
skills	on artworks by artists that use natural resources, using visual language (colour,	awareness, appreciation and understanding of the uses of masks	and use this information to make a functional product.	methods and approaches from amongst the class and with known	line drawings of animals	notable artists and use the ideas studied to create pieces.	develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing

	shape, line, tone, texture etc.)  Use line, tone, shape to represent things seen, imagined or remembered  Select, arrange and combine materials found in the natural environment to create an image- be precise!  Experiment and work collaboratively to grow a piece of art using existing ideas and trial and error.	in Ancient Egyptian culture  Use appropriate techniques to achieve a variety of interesting effects – such as using papier mache  Use a number of brush techniques using thick and thin brushes to produce shapes, textures, patterns and lines.  Create original pieces that show a range of influences and styles  Show an understanding of characteristics of masks – exaggeration, distortion, symmetry	Select and use a range of equipment and materials to perform a practical task.  Join materials together to enable a structure to stand alone.  Evaluate product and test design	artists and say what we think and feel about them, adapting them as needed  Drawing: make marks and lines using a wide range of media and experiment with different grades of drawing media.  Experiment using different grades of pencil and other implements (charcoal) to draw different forms and shapes and achieve variations in tone.	use shading to create effects  Use charcoal or chalk to create form, tone and shape  Apply and blend to gradually and gently join two colours, tones or images together  Mix paint to create a range of natural colours  Experiment with techniques to create different textures - fix with vanish experiment with sand for texture  Use feather, sticks or fingers to paint	Use pencil and pastels to create lines and shapes.  Represent things observed, remembered or imagined, using colour and selecting appropriate paint and brushes.  Blend colours light and dark to create shades and tints.	products that are fit for purpose  Select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including textiles and according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities  Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately.  Evaluate ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work.
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Year 3 Cycle B	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	DT Magnetic Games	Wallpaper printing	Starry Night	Mosaics	Flowers	DT textiles
			painting	collage	Painting	Bookmarks
Key Questions	What are magnets used for? How do magnets work? Who will your game be for and how will it work?	Have you seen patterns in the natural world?  How would you describe the pattern? What can you see?  What similarities did you notice? What differences?  How would you describe the shapes in this picture?  What can you tell me about the colours in this painting?	How does Van Gogh convey the weather in his paintings What shapes and colours has the artist used? How does the artwork make you feel? What's different interesting about the techniques used?	What were mosaics used for in the Roman times? What are mosaics usually made from?  What is your favourite Roman mosaic that you have seen and why?	Can you describe how the artist has used colour in her paintings? Why did she want to paint flowers so close up? What do you notice about her paintings do parts draw your attention more than others? Does the piece make your feel a particular way? What are the similarities and differences between these artists' work?	What is the purpose of a bookmark? What materials would be suitable/not suitable? What type of sewing stitch can you remember from year 2? What is effective about this bookmark pattern?
Key Texts/links/ Artists/designers	Link to science magnets and forces	History- Victorians William Morris	Rhythm of the rain	Link to history topic Romans	Science link to plants Georgia O'Keeffe Althea McNish	
Outdoor learning opportunities		Outdoor observational drawings of plants			Observational drawings of flowers	
Cultural Capital / Enrichment		Trip to William Morris museum -local			Study of black British/Trinidadian artist	
Key art/DT skills	Use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional,	Comment on artwork using visual language.	Describe the work of artists to build understanding. Use work	Describe the work of notable artists and use	Describe the work of notable artists and use	Use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of

appealing product that is fit for purpose.  Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately.  Evaluate the game against the design brief. Does it meet the criteria? If not, what would you do next time?	Use drawing to express ideas and replicate patterns observed in natural environments. Make printing blocks. (coiled string) or cut polystyrene.  Make precise repeating patterns using layers of two or more colours. Practise and evaluate a technical processprinting is not an exact science and mistakes are common!	of other artists as a stimulus to develop ideas. Can learn about 'how to' from studying other artist's work  Understand how artists use warm and cool colours and using this when mixing paint to express a mood in a work.  Explore the effect on paint of adding water, glue, sand, sawdust and use this in a painting  Mix and use primary and secondary colours with the addition of black and white and other hues.	the ideas studied to create pieces.  Use pencil and pastels to create lines and shapes.  Represent things observed, remembered or imagined, using colour and selecting appropriate paint and brushes.  Blend colours light and dark to create shades and tints.	the ideas studied to create pieces.  Use pencil and pastels to create lines and shapes.  Represent things observed, remembered or imagined, using colour and selecting appropriate paint and brushes.  Blend colours light and dark to create shades and tints.	innovative, functional, appealing product that is fit for purpose.  Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately.  Select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including textiles and according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities.  Evaluate ideas and products against own design criteria and
		the addition of black and			

Year 4 Cycle A	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Patterns Sculptures	Egyptian masks	Egyptian Shaduf	Iron man	Cave Painting	Cut outs	Dream Catchers
		Sculptures	DT structures	sketching		Collage	DT textiles
Key Questions	Which natural materials has Goldsworthy used in these sculptures? What natural materials could you use in your sculpture? Why do you think he used natural materials to make sculptures? Why do his sculptures change over time? What do his sculptures make you think of?	What are death masks and why did the Ancient Egyptians use them?  Who were they for and how were they designed to look?  Why have you chosen to use this colour? Shape? Embellishment?	What is a shaduf and what was it used for? What materials would be suitable and why? How can you make the sticks stand?	Which iron man image is your favourite and why? How did the artist create light and dark?  Which shading technique did you find was the most effective?  What are the pros and cons of working with chalk and charcoal?	Why was cave art created? Why are cave paintings an important way for us to learn about life in this time? What images can you see and why do you think the artist chose to draw them?	How do you think this picture was created? What shapes/object/images can you see? Which artist do you prefer and why? What do you think about their choice of colours -why do you think he chose them? What do you feel when you look at these artworks?	What is the purpose of a dream catcher?  What do you think the different parts symbolise?  How do you know if you've been successful?
Key Texts/links/Artists/	Andy Goldsworthy The Green Ship Quentin Blake	Ancient Egypt The Egyptian Cinderella	Ancient Egypt The Egyptian Cinderella	Iron Man Ted Hughes	Link to Stone Age History	Henri Matisse Reggie Laurent	Link to Native American culture
Designers	Alma Woodsey Thomas		Ciriderella				
Outdoor learning opportunities	Using the natural resources in school garden to creature patterns and sculptures				Making own charcoal on fire pit		
Cultural Capital / Enrichment		Trip to British Museum	Trip to British Museum				
Art/DT key skills	Explore and comment on artworks by artists that use natural resources, using	Gain an awareness, appreciation and understanding of the uses of	Research a design and use this information to make a functional product.	Compare ideas, methods and approaches from amongst the class and with known	Use pencil to make line drawings of animals	Describe and compare the work of notable artists and use the ideas studied to create pieces.	Use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing

visual language (colour, shape, line, tone, texture etc.)  Use line, tone, shape to represent things seen, imagined or remembered	masks in Ancient Egyptian culture  Use appropriate techniques to achieve a variety of interesting	Select and use a range of equipment and materials to perform a practical task.  Join materials together to enable a	artists and say what we think and feel about them, adapting them as needed  Drawing: make marks and lines	use shading to create effects  Use charcoal or chalk to create form, tone and shape	Consider how to select colours together- using complementary colours and how to place them on the paper.  Cut multiple shapes with a scissors and	products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups.  Select from and use a wider range of
environment to create an image- be precise!  Experiment and work collaboratively to grow a piece of art using existing ideas and trial and error.	Use a number of brush techniques using thick and thin brushes to produce shapes, textures, patterns and lines.  Create original pieces that show a range of influences and styles  Show an understanding of characteristics of masks - exaggeration, distortion, symmetry		different grades of drawing media. Experiment using different grades of pencil and other implements (charcoal) to draw different forms and shapes and achieve variations in tone.	images together  Mix paint to create a range of natural colours  Experiment with techniques to create different textures - fix with vanish experiment with sand for texture  use feather, sticks or fingers to paint		and according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities  Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately.  Evaluate ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work.

#### Art/DT: Overview

Year 4 Cycle B	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	What's that sound?	Wallpaper printing	Starry Night	Mosaics	DT Lighthouses	DT textiles
	Musical instruments DT structures		painting	collage		Bookmarks
Key Questions	What materials are used to make the instrument? What part makes the noise? How do you make different notes? What is the structure of the instrument/solid or hollow? Does it have a box, arm, stem, board? What parts have to be strong?	Have you seen patterns in the natural world? How would you describe the pattern? What can you see? What similarities did you notice? What differences? What kinds of things do you see in this picture? How would you describe the shapes in this picture? What can you tell me about the colours in this painting?	How does Van Gogh convey the weather in his paintings What shapes and colours has the artist used? How does the artwork make you feel? What's different/ interesting about the techniques used?	What were mosaics used for in the Roman times? What are mosaics usually made from? What is your favourite Roman mosaic that you have seen and why?	What are lighthouses used for? How do lighthouses work? What makes a complete electrical circuit? How will you make it stand?	What is the purpose of a Bookmark  What materials are suitable/not suitable?  What sewing stitch can you remember form year 2?  What is effective about this bookmark pattern?
Key Texts/links/ Artists/designers	Link to science sound	History- Victorians William Morris	Rhythm of the rain	Link to history topic Romans	Science link to electricity	
Outdoor		Outdoor observational				
learning		drawings of plants				
opportunities						
Cultural Capital / Enrichment		Trip to William Morris museum -local				

Rey art/DT skills  Investigate, disassem and evaluate a range musical instruments is order to learn how the function.  Identify a purpose for your instrument.  Know how materials be combined and missin order to create more useful properties.  Select appropriate materials tools and	using visual language. Use drawing to express ideas and replicate patterns observed in natural environments.  Make printing blocks. (coiled string) or cut polystyrene.  Make precise repeating patterns using layers of two or more colours.	Describe the work of artists to build understanding. Use work of other artists as a stimulus to develop ideas. Can learn about 'how to' from studying other artist's work  Understand how artists use warm and cool colours and using this when mixing paint to express a mood in a	Describe the work of notable artists and use the ideas studied to create pieces. Use pencil and pastels to create lines and shapes.  Represent things observed, remembered or imagined, using colour and selecting appropriate paint and brushes.	Select materials and components to make a light.  Wire up a circuit to the battery and the switch to make the bulb work effectively.  Add materials to make the light reflect efficiently so that it works well and looks nice.	Use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing product that is fit for purpose. Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately.
useful properties.	Make precise repeating patterns using layers of two or more colours.  Practise and evaluate a technical processprinting is not an exact science and mistakes are common!	colours and using this when mixing paint to	appropriate paint and	efficiently so that it works well and looks	shaping, joining and

Year 5 Cycle A	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Feathers	<b>Greek Pots Clay</b>	DT Pop up card	Ice Worlds	DT Parachutes	Japanese Notan Art
	Sketching	sculpture	(mechanisms)	painting		
Key Questions	Which front cover illustration is your favourite and why What colours have been used? How have they created light and dark in these sketches Which sketching technique did you find the most effective?	What were ancient Greek pots used for? What do the pictures on the pots represent? Why were the main colours orange/red and black	What is a pop-up card?  Can you identify the different types of mechanisms?  How can I use a mechanism to create a structure?  How can I make it neater and more appealing to children?	How would you describe the lines in this picture? The shapes? The colours? How would you describe this painting to a person who could not see it? Which objects seems closer to you? Further away? What do you notice about the colours in this painting? What colour is used the most? How do you think the artist made this work?	What is the purpose of a parachute? Which type of material would make the best parachute? What changes could you make to improve your design?	What is an organic and geometric shape? What are the positive and negative spaces in this design? How was the piece created? How does the piece feel balanced/unbalanced?
Key Texts/links Artists/designers	Skellig by David Almond	Link to Ancient Greeks		Link to History Shackleton Artist Linda Lang	Link to science Forces	Link to Kensuke's Kingdom by Michael Morpurgo Japanese art
Outdoor learning opportunities					Outdoor space to test parachutes	
Cultural Capital / Enrichment		British Museum trip				
Key art/ DT skills	Select, use and manipulate a range of drawing tools, using them with control and dexterity to accurately	Explore Greek pots from photographs.  Design your own Greek pot in your sketch book.  Knead and mould clay to create a pot with handles	Use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products.	Describe the work of notable artists and use the ideas studied to create pieces.	Generate, develop, model and communicate ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional diagrams,	Can use work of other artists and cultures as a stimulus to develop ideas and ways of creating artwork.

represent from	using the coil pot	Understand how	Carefully arrange	prototypes, pattern	Select and use cutting
observation.	method.	structures use the	objects to create a good	pieces and computer-	tools and adhesives with
	Use water and tools and	movement of the pages	composition (how	aided design.	care to achieve a specific
Convey tonal qualities	smooth clay and create	to work. Use a	objects are laid out)	J	outcome
well, showing good	detailed surface	mechanism to control a		Select from and use a	
understanding of light	decoration from incising,	movement.	Use perspective to show	wider range of tools and	Consider how to select
and dark on form	cutting, pressing and	movement.	distance in a landscape.	equipment to perform	colours together and
	piercing. Paint/decorate	Use paper, card and glue	·	practical tasks accurately	how to place them on
Explore different pencil	clay in appropriate	to make the book	Understand how	e.g. cutting, shaping,	the paper.
grades, shading and	colours.	structure	perspective affects size	joining and finishing.	' '
hatching techniques and			and colour e.g. lighter		Cut multiple shapes with
shadow.		Make mechanisms	tones look further away	Strengthen, stiffen and	a scissors and arrange
		and/or structures by		reinforce more complex	these on a surface
Use dry media to make		using sliders, pivots and	Blend colours light and	structures and select	making sure there is a
different lines, marks,		folds to produce	dark to create shades	from and use a wider	balance of light and dark.
patterns and shapes		movement'	and tones.	range of materials and	
				components,(including	Can select, use and
Confidently and strongly		Make the book look		construction materials,	manipulate a range of
use charcoal/pastels in		neater/more attractive		textiles), according to	drawing tools, using
response to light and		by using layers using		their functional	them with control and
dark, shadows and well		spacers to hide relevant		properties and aesthetic	dexterity to accurately
lit areas		parts of my mechanisms		qualities	represent from
				quantios	observation
		Evaluate ideas and		Investigate and analyse a	
		products against own		range of existing	
		design criteria and		products	
		consider how to improve		•	
		your work		Evaluate ideas and	
				products against your	
				own design criteria and	
				consider the views of	
				others to improve your	
				work.	

Year 5 Cycle B	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Highway Man	The Blitz	DT Pop up cards	DT Weaving	DT Parachutes	Islamic art
	Ink images	Perspective painting	(mechanisms)	(textiles)		Printing
Key Questions	What images come to mind when reading this poem?  What might the trees in this poem look like?  Which colours could represent the poem?	What happened in the Blitz?  What do these images have in common?  How has the artist created the perspective of a street?	What is a pop-up card?  Can you identify the different types of mechanisms?  How can I use a mechanism to create a structure?  How can I make it neater and more appealing to children?	What kind of things did Vikings wear? How were they created? What materials do you think they worked with?	What is the purpose of a parachute?  Which type of material would make the best parachute?  What changes could you make to improve your design?	What do you notice about the patterns in Islamic art?  Which shapes are often used in Islamic art?  Can you design your own tile and use lino printing to create your own repeating pattern?
Key Texts/links Artists/designers	The Highway Man by Alfred Noyes	Link to WW11 L.S Lowry	Cilidrens	Link to Vikings	Link to science forces	Zarah Hussain (British) Islamic civilization
Outdoor learning					Testing parachutes outside	
opportunities						
Cultural Capital / Enrichment					Parachute and Gravity workshop at the Army Museum	
Key art/DT skills	Comment on the work of other artists paying particular attention to techniques used and the effect on atmosphere it has created	Take inspiration from other pieces of art painted of the blitz and discuss them e.g. preferences, painting techniques (brush	Use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products.	Show an awareness of the natural environment through careful colour matching. Use a variety of techniques, e.g. printing,	Generate, develop, model and communicate ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross- sectional diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces	Describe the work of artists, craftspeople and designers to build understanding and discuss this with others

and literary stimulus for limprove mand design including of context of limprove mand design including of context of limprove and artistic dratechniques blocking, so cleanup limprove limprove limprove mand limprove mand limprove mand limprove mand limprove	of other artists of writers as a or own artwork.  Explore co and blence colour ba building u to the dar layering.  Moreof as believed as building u to the dar layering.  Develop a compositi proportio paintings foregrour ground ar  or create tone phere.  To unders vanishing guidelines or create and evelop an of create and evelop an of so, scale and colour.  colour.  Explore co and blence colour ba building u to the dar layering.  From the laye	street  str.  str.  molour mixing ling techniques. graduated ckgrounds by up -starting ightest colour rkest and  Mi str.  pin awareness of on, scale and n in their e.g. Mi d, middle nd background.  stand how points and s are used to rspective Using paint to ouilding shapes street	Inderstand how tructures use the novement of the pages of work. Use a mechanism of control a movement.  Is epaper, card and glue of make the book tructure.  Make mechanisms and/or tructures by using sliders, ivots and folds to roduce movement.  Make the book look eater/more attractive by sing layers using spacers of hide relevant parts of my mechanisms.  Valuate ideas and roducts against own esign criteria and onsider how to improve our work.	dyeing, weaving and stitching to create different textural effects.  Select and use contrasting colours and textures in stitching and weaving.	and computer-aided design.  Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks accurately e.g. cutting, shaping, joining and finishing.  Strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures.  Select from and use a wider range of materials and components, (including construction materials, textiles), according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities  Investigate and analyse a range of existing products  Evaluate ideas and products against your own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve your	Can make connections between own work and patterns in their local environment  Can recreate images through relief printing using card and mark making tolls to control, line, shape, texture and tone  Can explore colour mixing through printing, using two coloured inks, a roller and stencil or pressprint/Easiprint poly - blocks

Year 6 Cycle A	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Feathers	DT Bridges	Greek Pots	Pop Art	Ice Worlds	DT mechanisms	DT textiles
	Sketching		Clay pottery		Painting	Ready Steady Hand game	Cuddly toy
Key Questions	Which front cover illustration is your favourite and why What colours have been used? How have they created light and dark in these sketches Which sketching technique did you find the most effective?	What are bridges used for? Can you explain the 4 main types of bridges there are? How are they different?  How can you ease the forces of tension and compression in your bridge  How could your bridge be improved further?	What were ancient Greek pots used for? What do the pictures on the pots represent? Why were the main colours orange/red and black	How could you describe these artistic styles?  Who might the audience be for each of these examples?  How has the artist made his work stand out?  Think about colour, subject, style of art, composition and materials used.  How might you use their ideas on your piece of work? Will the colour, style, subject or composition of the artworks inspire you?	How would you describe the lines in this picture? The shapes? The colours? What does this painting show? How would you describe this painting to a person who could not see it? Which objects seems closer to you? Further away? What do you notice about the colours in this painting? What colour is used the most? How do you think the artist made this work? What sounds would this painting make (if it could)?	What would make the game difficult to complete?  What would a good quality base look like?  How can you make the buzzer sound or make the bulb light up depending on which of these you are using?	Can you generate ideas for your design and confidently draw an annotated final design with accurate measurements?  #Can you create your product using your design through utilising measuring, cutting and sewing skills taught to you?  Can you evaluate your product at the beginning and the end?
Key Texts/links Artists/designers	Skellig by David Almond		Link to Ancient Greeks	Andy Warhol  Roy Lichtenstein  London Eye Mystery text	Link to History Shackleton Artist Linda Lang	Link to science electricity	
Cultural Capital / Enrichment		Into University workshops	British Museum trip				

Key art/ DT skills	Select, use and	Use research of	Explore Greek pots	Analyse different	Describe the work of	Develop design criteria	Generate and then create
	manipulate a range of	bridge types and	from photographs.	kinds of art, craft and	notable artists and	to inform the design of	a design through
	drawing tools, using	structures to	Design your own	design and gain an	use the ideas	functional, appealing	confidently labelling
	them with control and	generate ideas	Greek pot in your	understanding of	studied to create	products that are aimed	drawings from different
	dexterity to accurately	that will inform	sketch book.	great artists and	pieces.	at particular individuals	views.
	represent from	your design incl		designers in history.		or groups. Generate,	
	observation.	making a	Knead and mould	,	Carefully arrange	develop and	Create a plan based on
		prototype	clay to create a pot	Develop artistic	objects to create a	communicate ideas	design and specific
	Convey tonal qualities		with handles using	techniques, including	good composition	through discussion and	materials that will be
	well, showing good	Explore and	the coil pot method.	control and use of	(how objects are laid	annotated sketches.	used.
	understanding of light	consider the	tter steered teels	materials in the style	out)		
	and dark on form	texture and	Use water and tools	of 'Pop Art'.		Model ideas through	Measure, mark out, cut,
	Explore different	properties of materials to	and smooth clay and create detailed		Use perspective to	prototypes. Select from	tape or pin fabric with
	pencil grades, shading	ensure they are	surface decoration	Create block lettering	show distance in a	and use a wide range of	some accuracy. Attach
	and hatching	suitable for	from incising, cutting,	and the inclusion of	landscape.	tools and equipment to	different elements using
	techniques and	purpose.	pressing and	serifs to extend	Understand how	perform practical tasks.	stitching, using straight
	shadow.	parpose.	piercing.	letters and fill the		Accurately cut and	stitch, running or cross
	5.1445111	Explore and	p.e.eg.	space. Experiment	perspective affects	assemble a net.	stitch
	Use dry media to	select tools to	Paint/decorate clay in	with intertwining	size and colour e.g.		Can was alaiting mission
	make different lines,	join materials	appropriate colours.	letters.	lighter tones look	Select from and use a	Can use plaiting, pinning,
	marks, patterns and	together		A mahalan andan m	further away	wide range of tools and	stapling, stitching and
	shapes			Applying colour	Blend colours light	equipment to perform	sewing techniques with
		Reflect and		carefully and neatly	and dark to create	practical tasks	care to decorate and
	Confidently and	evaluate the end		within the lines.	shades and tones.		make an artefact.
	strongly use	product against		Create contrasting	onados una tonico.	Understand and use	Evaluate end product at
	charcoal/pastels in	the design		backgrounds. Add		electronics in their	the beginning and the
	response to light and	criteria.		blocked in shadows		products, make and test	end.
	dark, shadows and			to create an effect.		a circuit and	cria.
	well lit areas	Consider the				incorporate a circuit	
		views of others				into a base.	
		to improve work.				Evaluate ideas and	
						products against design	
						criteria and consider	
						the views of others to	
						improve your work.	
						improve your work.	

#### Art/DT : Overview

Year 6 Cycle B	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Highway Man	DT Bridges	The Blitz	Pop Art	DT Weaving	DT Ready Stead Hand	DT textiles project
	Ink images		Perspective painting			Game	Cuddly toy
Key Questions	What images come to mind when reading this poem?  What might the trees in this poem look like?  Which colours could represent the poem?	What are bridges used for? Can you explain the 4 main types of bridges there are? How are they different?  How can you ease the forces of tension and compression in your bridge  How could your bridge be improved further?	What happened in the Blitz?  What do these images have in common?  How has the artist created the perspective of a street?	How could you describe these artistic styles?  Who might the audience be for each of these examples?  How has the artist made his work stand out?  Think about colour, subject, style of art, composition and materials used.  How might you use their ideas on your piece of work? Will the colour, style, subject or composition of the artworks inspire you?	What kind of things did Vikings wear?  How were they created?  What materials do you think they worked with?	What would make the game difficult to complete? What would a good quality base look like? How can you make the buzzer sound or make the bulb light up - depending on which of these you are using?	Can you generate ideas for your design and confidently draw an annotated final design with accurate measurements? Can you create your product using your design through utilising measuring, cutting and sewing skills taught to you? Can you evaluate your product at the beginning and the end?
Key Texts/links Artists/designers	The Highway Man by Alfred Noyes		Link to WW11 L.S Lowry	Andy Warhol Roy Lichtenstein London Eye Mystery	Link to Vikings	Link to science electricity	
Cultural Capital /		Into University		text			
Enrichment		workshops					
Key art/DT skills	Comment on the work of other artists paying particular attention to techniques used and	Use research of bridge types and structures to generate ideas	Take inspiration from other pieces of art painted of the blitz and discuss them e.g.	Analyse different kinds of art, craft and design and gain an understanding of	Show an awareness of the natural environment	Generate, develop, model and communicate ideas through discussion,	Generate and then create a design through confidently labelling drawings from different

Use the technical artists writer for over the technical artists writer for over the technical artists	the work and nique of other its and literary ers as a stimulus ewn artwork.  Tove mastery of and design eniques, including eving in the context enarcoal.  The lop and refine the drawing eniques such as king, shading, and evash to create and atmosphere.	your design incl making a prototype  Explore and consider the texture and properties of materials to ensure they are suitable for purpose.  Explore and select tools to join materials together  Reflect and evaluate the end product against the design criteria.  Consider the views of others to improve work.	techniques (brush strokes), build-up of colour.  Explore colour mixing and blending techniques. Create a graduated colour backgrounds by building up -starting from the lightest colour to the darkest-and layering.  Develop an awareness of composition, scale and proportion in their paintings e.g. foreground, middle ground and background.  To understand how vanishing points and guidelines are used to create perspective Using ink/black paint to recreate building shapes along the street.	Develop artistic techniques, including control and use of materials in the style of 'Pop Art'.  Create block lettering and the inclusion of serifs to extend letters and fill the space. Experiment with intertwining letters.  Applying colour carefully and neatly within the lines. Create contrasting backgrounds. Add blocked in shadows to create an effect.	Colour matching.  Use a variety of techniques, e.g. printing, dyeing, weaving and stitching to create different textural effects.  Select and use contrasting colours and textures in stitching and weaving.	cross-sectional diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design.  Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks accurately e.g. cutting, shaping, joining and finishing.  Strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures.  Select from and use a wider range of materials and components, (including construction materials, textiles), according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities  Investigate and analyse a range of existing products  Evaluate ideas and products against your own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve your	based on design and specific materials that will be used. Measure, mark out, cut, tape or pin fabric with some accuracy. Attach different elements using stitching, using straight stitch, running or cross stitch  Can use plaiting, pinning, stapling, stitching and sewing techniques with care to decorate and make an artefact.  Evaluate end product at the beginning and the end.
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